

University of Kansas

Executive Summary

Spring 2003

American College Health Association
National College Health Assessment



ACHA-NCHA

The NCHA supports the health of the campus community by fulfilling the academic mission, supporting short- and long-term healthy behaviors, and gaining a current profile of health trends within the campus community.

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Introduction

Interest in a healthy environment in higher education has grown over the last decade. Administrators, practitioners, faculty, and students are becoming increasingly concerned about the health and health-related costs that affect the quality of student and academic life within the campus community.

In 1998 the American College Health Association initiated a survey to address a broad range of health, risk, and protective behaviors, consequences of behavior, and perceptions among students. The survey also assesses illness and effects of selected health conditions on academic performance.

Additional information about survey development, design, and methods can be 859-1500, ext. 239.

This Executive Summary highlights results of the ACHA - NCHA survey for NCHA Spring 2003 University of Kansas, consisting of
540 respondents.

Possible Uses of the NCHA

The following are possible uses of the National College Health Assessment findings:

- o Determine priority health issues among student populations.
- o Provide prevalence rates and formulate baseline data for tracking trends.
- o Measure progress and effectiveness of intervention strategies.
- o Support institutional policies and local laws that affect the health of a campus community.
- o Create individual reports, information campaigns, research projects to educate both campus and community partners.

- o Distribute risk factor information about the student population through summary reports that focus on specific health topics or problem areas.
- o Monitor prevalence and care for specific chronic disease groups.
- o Monitor acute illness and prevention efforts.
- o Provide group or cohort-specific estimates.
- o Assess the correlation between one characteristic or behavior and another in a given population.

- o Identify students' level of self-knowledge about health protection practices and illnesses.
- o Identify students' perceptions about peer behavior.
- o Assess the impact of health and behavior factors on academic performance.
- o Track the progress of selected objectives in Healthy Campus 2000 and Healthy Campus 2010 for ongoing and future tracking.

Note on use of data:

Missing values have been excluded from analysis. Students responding "not applicable" were excluded from several analyses, which are specifically noted throughout this document. All response categories were included, including "don't know" or "0" unless otherwise noted.

Findings

A. General Health of College Students

■ 61.4 % of students surveyed (67.0 % male and 58.6 % female) described their health as very good or excellent.

Within the last school year, college students reported experiencing:

Allergy problems:	54.3 %	Repetitive stress injury:	7.5 %
Anorexia:	1.7 %	Seasonal affective disorder:	8.6 %
Anxiety disorder:	13.0 %	Substance abuse problem:	3.7 %
Asthma:	13.1 %	Back pain:	50.7 %
Bulimia:	2.1 %	Broken bone/fracture:	4.1 %
Chronic fatigue syndrome:	3.9 %	Bronchitis:	9.4 %
Depression:	18.2 %	Chlamydia:	0.8 %
Diabetes:	0.4 %	Ear infection:	11.2 %
Endometriosis:	1.9 %	Gonorrhea:	0.0 %
Genital herpes:	1.3 %	Mononucleosis:	3.6 %
Genital warts/HPV:	2.4 %	Pelvic inflammatory disease:	0.4 %
Hepatitis B or C:	0.2 %	Sinus infection:	41.1 %
High blood pressure:	3.2 %	Strep throat:	15.0 %
High cholesterol:	3.8 %	Tuberculosis:	0.2 %
HIV infection:	0.2 %		

87.0 % of college students (83.2 % male, 89.7 % female) experienced one or more of the above conditions within the last school year.

B. Preventive Health

Preventive health practices among college students:

- 55.6 % reported being vaccinated against hepatitis B.
- 31.8 % reported being vaccinated against meningococcal disease.
- 41.5 % reported being vaccinated against varicella (chicken pox).
- 90.3 % reported being vaccinated with measles, mumps, rubella (2 shots).
- 24.5 % reported being vaccinated against the flu in the last year.
- 78.5 % reported having a dental exam and cleaning in the last year.
- 37.9 % of males students reported that they performed testicular self exam in the last month.
- 46.0 % of female students reported that they performed breast self exam in the last month.
- 70.7 % of females reported having a routine gynecological exam in the last year.
- 90.5 % reported having their blood pressure checked in the last 2 years.
- 47.5 % reported having cholesterol checked in the last 5 years.
- 15.9 % reported using sunscreen daily.

College students reported the following behaviors within the last school year:

<i>Percent (%)</i>	N/A, didn't drive, ride, or skate within the last school year	Never	Rarely or sometimes	Mostly or always	Mostly or always (N/A responses not included)*
Wore a seatbelt	0.0	0.7	8.4	90.9	90.9
Wore a helmet when riding a bicycle	59.9	20.0	8.2	11.9	29.8
Wore a helmet when riding a motorcycle	87.1	2.4	1.3	9.2	71.0
Wore a helmet when inline skating	86.9	9.5	1.7	1.9	14.3

* Students responding "N/A, didn't drive, ride, or skate within the last school year" were excluded from this analysis.

C. Academic Impacts

Within the last school year students reported the following factors affecting their individual academic performance, i.e. received an incomplete, dropped a course, received a lower grade in a class, on an exam, or on an important project (listed alphabetically):

Alcohol use:	9.8 %	Eating disorder/problem:	1.3 %
Allergies:	5.8 %	HIV infection:	0.0 %
Assault (physical):	0.2 %	Injury:	2.8 %
Assault (sexual):	0.9 %	Internet use/computer games:	10.3 %
Attention deficit disorder:	6.0 %	Learning disability:	3.4 %
Cold/flu/sore throat:	27.8 %	Mononucleosis:	3.0 %
Concern for a troubled friend or family member:	17.5 %	Pregnancy (yours or partner's):	0.7 %
Chronic illness:	3.4 %	Relationship difficulty:	14.8 %
Chronic pain:	2.4 %	Sexually transmitted disease:	0.2 %
Death of a friend/family member:	9.0 %	Sinus infection/ear infection/bronchitis/strep throat:	10.7 %
Depression/anxiety disorder/seasonal affective disorder:	12.5 %	Sleep difficulties:	21.8 %
Drug use:	3.2 %	Stress:	30.7 %

D. Violence

Within the last school year, college students reported experiencing:

	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
A physical fight		14.1	1.1	5.6
Being physically assaulted (non-sexually)		3.2	1.7	2.2
Verbal threats for sex against their will		3.2	4.0	3.7
Sexual touching against their		4.3	12.1	9.3
Attempted sexual penetration against their will		0.5	4.9	3.4
Sexual penetration against their will		0.5	2.0	1.5
An emotionally abusive relationship		9.2	17.5	14.7
A physically abusive relationship		1.6	2.0	1.9
A sexually abusive relationship		1.1	1.7	1.5

E. Alcohol, Tobacco, and Other Drug Use

Thirty day prevalence - substance use reported by college students (male, female, total):

Alcohol

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used		16.8	9.1	11.9
Used, but not in the last 30 days		10.8	12.3	11.7
Used 1-9 days		50.3	62.3	58.2
Used 10-29 days		22.2	16.3	18.2
Used all 30 days		0.0	0.0	0.0

Cigarette

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used		63.2	54.7	57.9
Used, but not in the last 30 days		18.4	21.8	20.5
Used 1-9 days		7.0	11.5	9.9
Used 10-29 days		4.9	5.7	5.4
Used all 30 days		6.5	6.3	6.3

Marijuana

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Never used		67.9	57.9	61.4
Used, but not in the last 30 days		15.2	27.5	23.1
Used 1-9 days		10.9	9.2	9.9
Used 10-29 days		4.3	3.4	3.7
Used all 30 days		1.6	2.0	1.9

Reported use versus perceived use - reported use for all students within the past 30 days compared with how often students perceived the typical student on campus used substances within the same time period:

Percent (%)	Never		Used one or more days		Used daily	
	Reported Use (total)	Perception of Typical Use	Reported Use (total)	Perception of Typical Use	Reported Use (total)	Perception of Typical Use
Alcohol	11.9	2.1	76.4	59.7	0.0	38.3
Cigarettes	57.9	6.4	15.3	52.2	6.3	41.5
Marijuana	61.4	12.0	13.6	66.0	1.9	22.0

■ 11.9 % of college students reported driving after having 5 or more drinks in the last 30 days.*

*Students responding "N/A, don't drive" were excluded from this analysis.

Findings continued.

Estimated BAC (Blood Alcohol Concentration) of college students: This is an estimated figure based on

the reported number of drinks consumed during the last time all students (including non-drinkers) "partied" or socialized, their approximate time of consumption, sex, and the average rate of ethanol metabolism.

Estimated BAC	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
< .08		68.3	56.3	60.5
< .10		74.3	66.5	69.2

Mean	0.065	0.087	0.080
Median	0.034	0.065	0.055
Std Dev	0.076	0.110	0.100

Reported number of drinks consumed the last time students "partied" or socialized:

Number of drinks	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
<= 4		55.1	57.8	56.9
<= 5		61.1	71.1	67.6
<= 6		68.1	80.9	76.4

Mean	5.16	4.26	4.58
Median	4.0	4.0	4.0
Std Dev	4.7	3.9	4.2

Reported number of times college students consumed five or more drinks in a sitting within the last two weeks:

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
None		56.2	57.5	57.1
1-2 times		19.5	25.9	23.7
3-5 times		17.8	14.4	15.5
6 or more times		6.5	2.3	3.7

College students reported doing the following when they "partied" or socialized during the last school year:*

When at a party or when going out....	usually or always Percent (%)
alternate non-alcoholic with alcoholic beverages:	22.9
determine in advance not to exceed a set number of drinks:	32.8
choose not to drink alcohol:	22.5
use a designated driver:	75.7
eat before and/or during drinking:	80.8
have a friend let you know when you have had enough:	23.6
keep track of how many drinks being consumed:	67.3
pace drinks to one or fewer an hour:	30.1
avoid drinking games:	43.7
drink an alcoholic look-alike:	6.8

*Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

■ 97.4 % of college students reported usually doing or always doing one or more of the above behaviors when drinking alcohol during the last school year.*

*Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

College students who drank alcohol reported the following consequences occurring in the last school year as a result of their own drinking:*

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Being physically injured	17.7	16.3	16.7	16.7
Being physically injured by another person	6.1	2	3.4	3.4
Being involved in a fight	11.6	2.7	5.6	5.6
Doing something they later regretted	41.5	35.1	37.3	37.3
Forgetting where they were or what they had done	29.3	29.4	29.5	29.5
Having someone use force or threat of force to have sex with them	0.0	3.4	2.2	2.2
Having unprotected sex	19.0	16.4	17.4	17.4

*Students responding "N/A, don't drink" were excluded from this analysis.

F. Sexual Behavior

College students reported the following within the last school year:

	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Having had no sexual partner		27.7	15.9	19.9
Having had 1 sexual partner		44.6	54.2	50.8
Having had 2 sexual partners		11.4	13.0	12.6
Having had 3 sexual partners		7.1	8.1	7.9
Having had 4 or more sexual partners		9.2	8.7	8.8

Number of partners among students reporting to have at least one sexual partner within the last school year:*

Mean	2.38	1.87	2.03
Median	1.0	1.0	1.0
Std Dev	4.1	1.9	2.8

*Only students reporting to have at least one sexual partner are included in these

Oral sex within the past 30 days	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Never did this sexual		24.6	16.3	19.1
Have not done this during the last 30		26.2	30.9	29.3
Did this 1 or more times		49.2	52.8	51.6

Vaginal sex within the past 30 days	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Never did this sexual		34.4	20.3	25.1
Have not done this during the last 30		16.4	19.4	18.3
Did this 1 or more times		49.2	60.3	56.7

Anal sex within the past 30 days	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Never did this sexual		71.0	76.7	74.7
Have not done this during the last 30		21.9	19.8	20.6
Did this 1 or more times		7.1	3.5	4.7

Type of sexual behavior	Percent (%)	Oral	Vaginal	Anal
<i>Sexually active students reported...</i>				
Using a condom within the last 30 days (mostly or always)*	1.0	43.3	23.3	
Using a condom the last time they had sex**	1.4	46.7	23.0	

*Students responding "Never did this sexual activity" or "Have not done this during the last thirty days" were excluded from the analysis.

**Students responding "Never did this sexual activity" were excluded from the analysis.

Reported means of birth control used among sexually active college students or their partners to prevent pregnancy the last time they had vaginal intercourse:

	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
Birth control pills	39.5	52.3	47.4	
Depo Provera (shots)	3.2	3.4	3.3	
Norplant (implant)	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Condoms	33.5	38.0	36.1	
Diaphragm, cervical cap, sponge	0.5	0.0	0.2	
Spermicide	7.0	5.1	5.7	
Fertility awareness	4.9	3.1	3.9	
Withdrawal	13.0	17.4	15.7	
Other method	3.8	5.7	5.0	
Nothing	6.5	3.4	4.6	

- 7.8 % of sexually active college students reported using (or reported their partner used) emergency contraception ("morning after pill") within the last school year (male: 9.4 %; female: 7.1 %).*

*Students responding "Not sexually active" were excluded from the analysis.

- 1.8 % of college students who had vaginal intercourse within the last school year reported experiencing an unintentional pregnancy or got someone pregnant within the last school year. (male: 3.3 %; female: 1.1 %).**

**Students responding "Have not had vaginal intercourse within the last school year" were excluded from the analysis.

G. Nutrition and Exercise

Within the last 30 days, college students reported:

	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Exercising to lose weight		44.9	68.3	59.8
Dieting to lose weight		27.0	49.1	41.1
Vomiting or taking laxatives to lose weight		1.1	4.0	3.1
Taking diet pills to lose weight		3.8	8.0	6.5
Doing none of the above		49.2	26.6	34.1

College students reported usually eating the following number of servings of fruits and vegetables:

	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Don't eat fruits and vegetables		6.0	2.6	3.8
1 or 2 per day		66.1	55.7	59.3
3-4 per day		23.0	33.0	29.6
5 or more per day		4.9	8.6	7.3

College students reported the following behaviors within the past 7 days

Participated in vigorous exercise for 20 minutes (or 30 minutes moderate exercise)

	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
0 days		27.3	24.9	25.8
1-2 days		27.3	30.9	29.6
3-5 days		33.9	35.8	35.2
6+ days		11.5	8.3	9.4

Exercising to strengthen muscles	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
0 days		35.2	35.6	35.3
1-2 days		26.9	28.7	28.2
3-5 days		29.1	30.7	30.3
6+ days		8.8	4.9	6.2

Getting enough sleep

to feel rested in the morning	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
0 days		10.4	6.0	7.5
1-2 days		23.5	26.1	25.1
3-5 days		47.0	54.3	52.0
6+ days		13.5	13.5	15.4

Findings continued.

Estimated average Body Mass Index (BMI): This figure incorporates reported sex, height, and weight to form a general indicator of physical health.

BMI	Percent (%)	Male	Female	Total
< 18.5 Underweight		2.7	7.5	5.8
18.5-24.9 Healthy Weight		54.6	66.8	62.6
25-29.9 Overweight		30.6	17.6	22.1
30-34.9 Class I Obesity		9.8	4	6.0
35-39.9 Class II Obesity		1.1	2.6	2.1
>= 40 Class III Obesity		1.1	1.4	1.3
Mean		25.0	23.4	23.9
Median		23.8	22.4	23.0
Std Dev		4.34	4.67	4.61

H. Depression

Students reported experiencing the following within the last school year:

Feeling overwhelmed by all they had to do

	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Never		11.0	3.1	5.8
1-10 times		68.7	65.1	66.1
11+ times		20.3	31.7	28.1

Feeling exhausted (not from physical activity)

	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Never		17.0	3.7	8.2
1-10 times		64.3	68.9	67.2
11+ times		18.7	27.4	24.5

Feeling very sad

	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Never		32.2	16.9	22.0
1-10 times		57.8	70.9	66.4
11+ times		10.0	12.3	11.7

Feeling things were hopeless

	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Never		44.8	40.0	41.5
1-10 times		49.2	51.7	50.8
11+ times		6.1	8.3	7.7

College students reported diagnosed with depression

Feeling so depressed it was difficult to function

	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Never		61.3	58.0	58.9
1-10 times		34.8	34.9	34.9
11+ times		3.9	7.1	6.2

Seriously considering attempting suicide

	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Never		91.2	92.0	91.6
1-10 times		7.7	7.7	7.7
11+ times		1.1	0.3	0.8

Attempting suicide

	<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
Never		99.5	99.1	99.2
1-10 times		0.0	0.9	0.6
11+ times		0.5	0.0	0.2

<i>Percent (%)</i>	Male	Female	Total
	6.0	21.6	16.2

Of those students reporting ever having been diagnosed with depression in the item above...

Diagnosed with depression in the last school year

Currently in therapy for depression

Currently taking medication for depression

27.3	37.3	36.0
27.3	22.7	23.3
36.4	40.0	39.5

Demographics and Student Characteristics

■ Age:

Average age:	22.76 years
Median:	21 years
Std Dev:	5.123 years

18 - 20 years:	39.6 %
21 - 24 years:	37.4 %
25 - 29 years:	14.8 %
30+ years:	8.2 %

■ Sex

Female:	65.4 %
Male:	34.6 %

■ Student status:

1st year undergraduate:	16.8 %
2nd year undergraduate:	17.7 %
3rd year undergraduate:	17.9 %
4th year undergraduate:	14.7 %
5th year or more undergraduate:	7.5 %
Graduate or professional:	23.4 %
Adult special or other:	2.1 %

Full-time student:	92.5 %
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■ Relationship status:

Single:	49.9 %
Married/domestic partner:	11.6 %
Engaged or committed dating relationship:	37.2 %
Separated:	0.2 %
Divorced:	0.9 %
Widowed:	0.2 %

■ Students describe themselves as:

White:	85.9 %
Black – not Hispanic:	2.8 %
Hispanic or Latino:	4.8 %
Asian or Pacific	6.1 %
American Indian or Alaskan Native:	1.1 %
Other:	2.6 %

■ Students describe themselves as:

Heterosexual:	93.5 %
Gay/Lesbian:	2.2 %
Bisexual:	3.0 %
Transgendered	0.0 %
Unsure:	1.3 %

■ Housing:

Campus residence	18.9 %
Fraternity or sorority	5.6 %
Other university	6.2 %
Off-campus	63.2 %
Parent/guardian's	2.4 %
Other:	3.7 %

■ Hours of paid work per week:

0 hours:	29.2 %
1-9 hours:	9.5 %
10-19 hours:	26.0 %
20-29 hours:	20.7 %
30-39 hours:	6.2 %
40 hours:	4.5 %
More than 40 hours:	3.9 %

■ Hours of volunteer work per week:

0 hours:	61.4 %
1-9 hours:	36.0 %
10-19 hours:	1.3 %
20-29	0.9 %
30-39	0.2 %
40 hours:	0.0 %
More than 40	0.2 %

■ Have any kind of health insurance (including prepaid plans, such as HMOs):

Yes:	87.1 %
Unsure:	4.3 %

NCHA Advisory Committee

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